

INFRASTRUCTURE

- Increase federal investments in transportation infrastructure:
 - Needs should be prioritized based on economic, health and safety risks.
 - Public-private partnerships and alternative financing methods should be fully utilized.
 - Funding should be sufficient to ensure at least “good” and ideally “best” quality conditions.
 - Warranties on work should be required.
 - Funding should be both sustainable and dedicated.
 - Revenue should come from the users of the infrastructure – which means all of us. General purpose taxes (e.g. sales and income taxes) that fund the balance of government should not be utilized.
 - User fees should reflect the true cost of service, including the replacement or rehabilitation of aging infrastructure.
 - A non-partisan, multi-infrastructure council composed of professional subject-matter experts should be established to recommend strategic prioritization of investments, facilitate public-private partnerships and oversee a coordinated asset management system.

MOBILITY

- Ensure American leadership in the emerging mobility sector by establishing a public-private partnership to:
 - advance research, development, and deployment of connected and automated technology;
 - adopt legal and voluntary technical standards that lead the world; and
 - develop the talent needed to grow the industry and good jobs for Americans.

REGULATORY REFORM

- Institute comprehensive regulatory reform consistent with recommendations outlined by the Business Roundtable.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT INVESTMENT

- Increase federal R & D investments to at least the rate of GDP growth and ideally to twice this rate.

TALENT DEVELOPMENT & IMMIGRATION REFORM

- Increase the number of H-1B visas, issue H-1B training grants to train American workers for which companies now rely on foreign nationals and exempt from the annual cap H-1B workers who have degrees in needed fields by universities in the U.S.
- Allow individuals with advanced STEM degrees from U.S. universities to qualify immediately for a green card to work and live in the U.S.
- Establish a manageable legal system for workers who may not have higher education but are needed for specific sectors, including agriculture, hospitality and construction.
- Adopt innovative strategies to attract immigrants to cities experiencing significant population loss and high unemployment.
- Develop holistic strategies to increase labor force participation, including entitlement reform and talent development programs.

TAX REFORM

- Set the corporate tax rate at 25 percent or less.
- Eliminate additional taxation of U.S. corporate foreign earnings.
- Simplify and reform the federal corporate tax code in a fiscally responsible manner.
- Make tax reform permanent to support long-term business decisions and commitments that allow for capital investment.